

NUTRISON ENERGY

A nutritionally complete, high energy, fibre free, ready-to-use enteral tube feed.

FEATURES

- Suitable as a sole source of nutrition[^]
- **Whey-dominant P4 protein blend:** in line with international recommendations on protein quality/ amino acid profile and for gastro-intestinal tolerance benefits.¹⁻⁷
- **Fibre free (<0.1/100ml):** for patients requiring residue-restricted diets.
- **Fish oils:** to provide Docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) and Eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA).
- **Medium chain triglycerides (MCT):** for easier fat digestion and absorption.⁸⁻⁹
- **Enriched with carotenoids:** in line with general health recommendations for their antioxidant properties and positive effect on immune function.¹⁰
- **1000ml ready-to-hang pack and 500ml plastic bottle formats:** provides flexibility for different feeding methods e.g. closed-system pump delivery, syringe bolus.

Indications

For the dietary management of:

- Disease-related malnutrition.
- Patients with high energy and protein requirements.
- Patients requiring a residue-restricted diet.

Important Notice

- Not for parenteral use.
- Not suitable for patients with galactosaemia.
- Not suitable for patients with cow's milk protein allergy.
- Not suitable for infants under 1 year of age.
- Use with caution in children aged 1-6 years of age.
- Use with caution in individuals with a seafood allergy.

Directions for Use

- Shake well before use.
- Use at room temperature.
- Handle aseptically to ensure product remains sterile.
- Usage to be determined by a healthcare professional.

Storage

- Store in a cool, dry place.
- Once opened, store in the refrigerator.
- Discard unused contents after 24 hours.

Ordering Information

To order contact Nutricia Customer Care **1800 889 480**.

Nutrison Energy	Product code	Units per carton
500ml plastic bottle	78910	12
1000ml OpTri bottle	132199	8

Ingredients

Nutrison Energy: water, maltodextrin, vegetable oils (sunflower oil, rapeseed oil, MCT oil [coconut oil, palm kernel oil]), whey protein (from cow's milk), cow's milk protein caseinate, pea protein, soy protein, emulsifier (soy lecithin), magnesium hydrogen phosphate, potassium citrate, sodium citrate, calcium carbonate, fish oil, potassium chloride, potassium hydroxide, tri calcium phosphate, carotenoids (contains soy)(β-carotene, lutein, lycopene), choline chloride, sodium chloride, sodium L-ascorbate, ferrous lactate, zinc sulphate, nicotinamide, DL-α tocopheryl acetate, retinyl acetate, copper gluconate, manganese sulphate, sodium selenite, calcium D-pantothenate, chromium chloride, D-biotin, cholecalciferol, thiamin hydrochloride, pteroylmonoglutamic acid, pyridoxine hydrochloride, riboflavin, potassium iodide, sodium fluoride, sodium molybdate, phytomenadione, cyanocobalamin.

Allergen & Cultural Information

- Contains: cow's milk protein, soy, fish oil.
- Does not contain: wheat, egg, nuts*, lupins.
- Halal certified (1000ml pack only).
- No Halal forbidden ingredients.
- No Kosher forbidden ingredients.
- No gluten containing ingredients.
- Low lactose (lactose <2g/100g).



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NUTRITION INFORMATION		Per 100ml	Per 1000ml	Vitamins	Per 100ml	Per 1000ml
Energy	kcal	150	1500	Vitamin A	µg-RE	123
	kJ	630	6300	Vitamin D	µg	1.5
Protein	9	6 (16% E)	60	Vitamin E	mg α-TE	1.9
- Casein	9	1.5	15	Vitamin K	µg	8
- Whey	9	2.1	21	Vitamin C	mg	15
- Soy	9	1.2	12	Thiamin	mg	0.23
- Pea	9	1.2	12	Riboflavin	mg	0.24
Carbohydrate	9	18.3 (49% E)	183	Niacin	mg NE	2.7
- Sugars	9	1.1	11	Vitamin B ₆	mg	0.26
- as Lactose	9	<0.025	<0.25	Vitamin B ₁₂	µg	0.32
Fat	9	5.8 (35% E)	58	Folic Acid	µg	40
- Saturates	9	1.5	15	Pantothenic Acid	mg	0.8
- of which MCT	9	0.9	9	Biotin	µg	6
- Monounsaturates	9	3.3	33	Trace Elements	Per 100ml	Per 1000ml
- Polyunsaturates	9	1.1	11	Iron	mg	2.4
- DHA	mg	13.7	137	Zinc	mg	1.8
- EPA	mg	20	200	Manganese	mg	0.5
- ω6:ω3		3.1:1	3.1:1	Copper	µg	270
Fibre	9	<0.1	<1	Iodine	µg	20
Water	ml	78	780	Molybdenum	µg	15
Minerals		Per 100ml	Per 1000ml	Selenium	µg	86
Sodium	mg	134	1340	Chromium	µg	10
	mmol	5.8	58	Fluoride	mg	0.15
Potassium	mg	201	2010	Other	Per 100ml	Per 1000ml
	mmol	5.1	51	Carotenoids	mg	0.3
Calcium	mg	108	1080	Choline	mg	55
Phosphorus	mg	108	1080	Osmolality	mOsmol/kg H ₂ O	460
Magnesium	mg	34	340			460
Chloride	mg	100	1000			
Ca:P ratio		1:1	1:1			

* Peanut (*Arachis hypogaea*), Almond (*Amygdalus communis* L.), Hazelnut (*Corylus avellana*), Walnut (*Juglans regia*), Cashew (*Anacardium occidentale*), Pecan nut (*Carya illinoensis* (Wangenh.) K. Koch), Brazil nut (*Bertholletia excelsa*), Pistachio nut (*Pistacia vera*), Macadamia nut and Queensland nut (*Macadamia ternifolia*) and products thereof.

[†]In accordance with Australian New Zealand Food Standards Code – Standard 2.95

REFERENCES 1. World Health Organization. Protein and amino acid requirements in human nutrition: report of a joint FAO/WHO/UNU expert consultation. 2007; WHO technical report series ; no. 935. 2. Kuyumcu S, Menne D, Curcic J, et al. Noncoagulating enteral formula can empty faster from the stomach: A double-blind, randomized crossover trial using magnetic resonance imaging. Journal of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition. 2015;39:544–551. 3. van den Braak CC, Klebach M, Abrahamse E, et al. A novel protein mixture containing vegetable proteins renders enteral nutrition products non-coagulating after in vitro gastric digestion. Clinical Nutrition. 2013;32:765–771. 4. Klebach M, Hofman Z, Bluemel S, et al. Effect of protein type in enteral nutrition formulas on coagulation in the stomach in vivo: Post hoc analyses of a randomized controlled trial with MRI. Abstract presented at Clinical Nutrition Week, January 16–19; Austin, Tx. Journal of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition. 2016;40:134(21). 5. Luttkohold J, van Norren K, Rijna H, et al. Jejunal feeding is followed by a greater rise in plasma cholecystokinin, peptide YY, glucagon-like peptide 1, and glucagon-like peptide 2 concentrations compared with gastric feeding in vivo in humans: a randomized trial. Am J Clin Nutr. 2016;103:435–43. 6. Abrahamse E, van der Lee S, van den Braak S, et al. Gastric non-coagulation of enteral tube feed yields faster gastric emptying of protein in a dynamic in vitro model. Abstract presented at 34th ESPEN Congress. Sept 8–11; Barcelona, Spain. Clinical Nutrition Supplements. 2012;7:PP239(119). 7. Liu J, Klebach M, Abrahamse E, et al. Specific protein mixture reduces coagulation: An in vitro stomach model study mimicking a gastric condition in critically ill patients. Poster presented at 38th ESPEN Congress. 17–20 September; Copenhagen, Denmark. Clinical Nutrition. 2016;35:MON-P182 (S220). 8. Beckers EJ, Jeukendrup AE, et al. Gastric emptying of carbohydrate–medium chain triglyceride suspensions at rest. Int J Sports Med. 1992 Nov;13(8):581–4. 9. Hunt JN, Knox MT. A relation between the chain length of fatty acids and the slowing of gastric emptying. J Physiol. 1968 Feb;194(2):327–36. 10. Cooper DA, Eldridge AL, Peters JC. Dietary carotenoids and certain cancers, heart disease and age-related macular degeneration: A review of recent research. Nutrition Reviews. 1999; 57: 201–214.

**A food for special medical purposes;
to be used under strict medical supervision.**

For more information call the
Nutricia Careline 1800 438 500

NUTRICIA
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Nutricia Australia Pty Ltd.
Lvl 4, Building D, 12-24 Talavera Road,
Macquarie Park, NSW, 2113.
www.nutriciamedical.com.au

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